



cofc

Atty. Docket No.: 2846/1002

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application of: Hoveyda et al.  
Patent No.: 6,921,735  
Issued: July 26, 2005

Examiner: Choi, Ling Su

Group Art Unit: 1713

Entitled: Recyclable Metathesis Catalysts  
Serial No.: 09/925,555  
Filed: August 9, 2001

Conf. No.: 5529

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.8a**

I hereby certify that this correspondence (and any paper or fee referred to as being enclosed) is being deposited with the United States Post Office as First Class Mail on the date indicated below in an envelope addressed to Mail Stop Certificate of Correction, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

David J. Dykeman

Name of Person Mailing Paper

*David J. Dykeman*  
Signature of Person Mailing Paper

Mail Stop Certificate of Correction  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Certificate  
AUG 10 2005  
of Correction

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER**

Enclosed for filing the above-identified patent application, please find the following documents:

1. Request for Certificate of Correction;
2. Copy of Amendment previously filed on December 21, 2004; and
3. Return Postcard.

The Commissioner for Patents is hereby authorized to charge any fees to Deposit Account No. 16-0085, Reference 2846/1002. A duplicate of this transmittal letter is enclosed for this purpose.

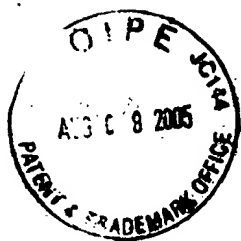
Date: August 5, 2005

Respectfully submitted,

*David J. Dykeman*  
Name: David J. Dykeman  
Registration No.: 46,678  
Customer No.: 29932

Palmer & Dodge LLP  
111 Huntington Avenue  
Boston, MA 02199-7613  
Tel: 617-239-0100

AUG 12 2005



Atty. Docket No.: 2846/1002

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application of: Hoveyda et al.  
Patent No.: 6,921,735  
Issued: July 26, 2005

Examiner: Choi, Ling Su

Group Art Unit: 1713

Entitled: Recyclable Metathesis Catalysts  
Serial No.: 09/925,555  
Filed: August 9, 2001

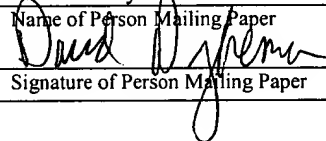
Conf. No.: 5529

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.8a**

I hereby certify that this correspondence (and any paper or fee referred to as being enclosed) is being deposited with the United States Post Office as First Class Mail on the date indicated below in an envelope addressed to Mail Stop Certificate of Correction, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

David J. Dykeman

Name of Person Mailing Paper



Signature of Person Mailing Paper

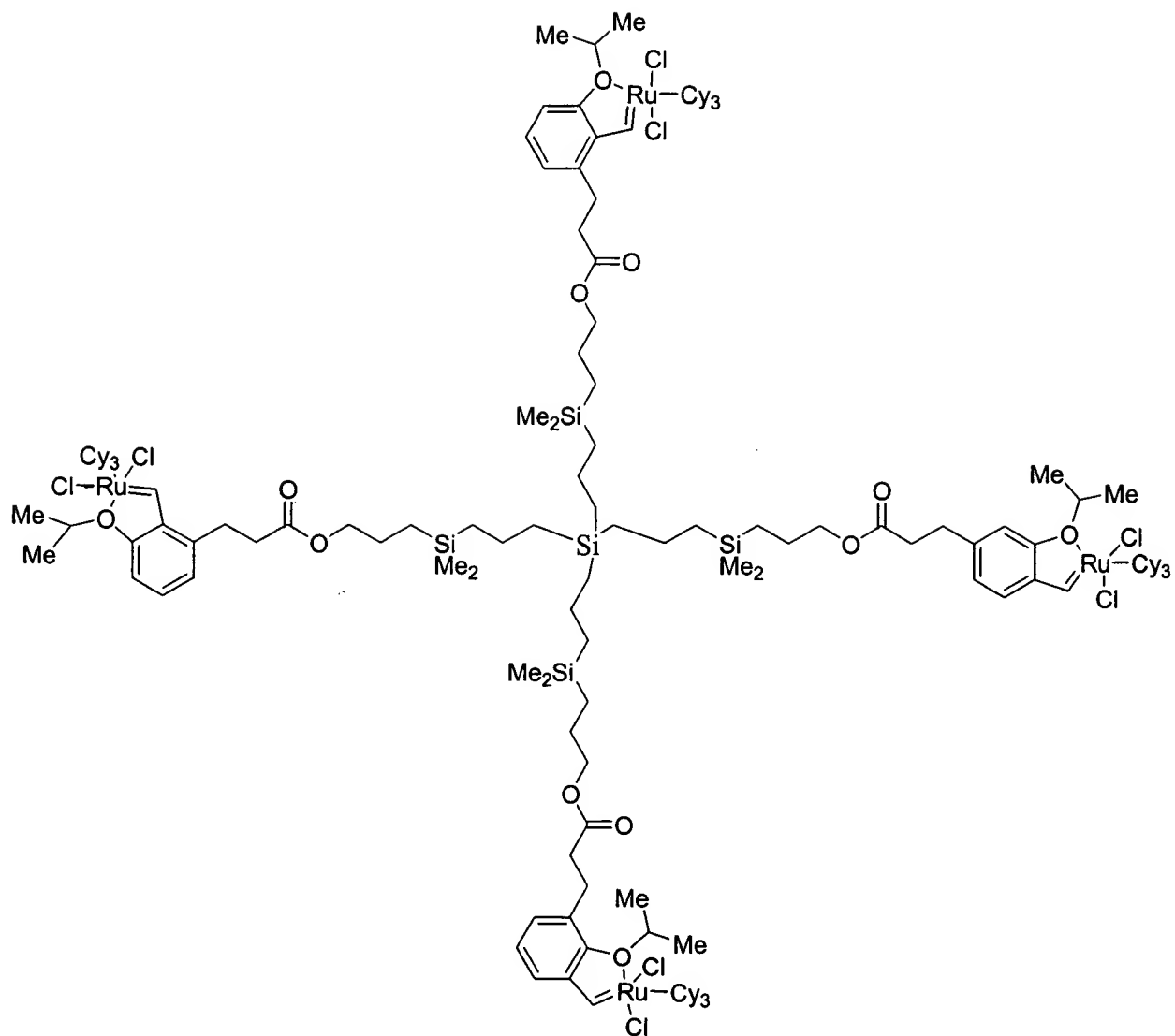
**Mail Stop Certificate of Correction**  
**Commissioner for Patents**  
**P.O. Box 1450**  
**Alexandria, VA 22313-1450**

**REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

Sir:

Applicants request issuance of a Certificate of Correction for U.S. Patent No. 6,921,735.

Applicants have identified an error in claim 28 that requires correction. The chemical structure is disconnected between Si and Me<sub>2</sub>Si. Please connect the structure so there is a continuous line between Si and Me<sub>2</sub>Si. The next page contains a copy of the correct chemical structure in the Amendment filed December 21, 2004. For your reference, enclosed is a copy of the Amendment filed on December 21, 2004 which also shows the correct structure for claim 28.



Attorney Docket No.: 2846/1002

Patent No.: 6,921,735

Page 3

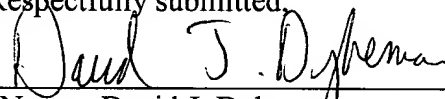
Applicants respectfully request a correction of the patent in your proper manner and issuance of a Certificate of Correction.

Applicants believe that no fee is due with this filing; however, please charge any necessary fees required in connection with the paper transmitted herewith to Deposit Account No. 16-0085, Reference No.: 2846/1002.

Please contact the undersigned Attorney of record with any questions.

Date: August 5, 2005

Respectfully submitted,



Name: David J. Dykeman

Registration No.: 46,678

Customer No.: 29932

Palmer & Dodge LLP

111 Huntington Avenue

Boston, MA 02199-7613

Tel: 617-239-0100



Atty. Docket No.: 2846/1002 PATENT  
IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application of: Hoveyda et al.  
Serial No.: 09/925,555  
Filed: August 9, 2001  
Titled: Recyclable Metathesis Catalysts

Examiner: Ling-Siu Choi

Group Art Unit: 1713

Conf. No.: 5529

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.8a**

I hereby certify that this correspondence (and any paper or fee referred to as being enclosed) is being deposited with the United States Post Office as First Class Mail on the date indicated below in an envelope addressed to Mail Stop Amendment, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Melissa Powers

Name of Person Mailing Paper

Signature of Person Mailing Paper

Mail Stop Amendment  
Commissioner for Patents  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

**AMENDMENT AND REPLY**

Sir:

This Amendment is being filed in response to the Office Action mailed from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on September 22, 2004 in the above-identified application. Reconsideration is requested.

Amendments to the Claims are shown in the "Listing of the Claims" which begins on page 2 of this paper.

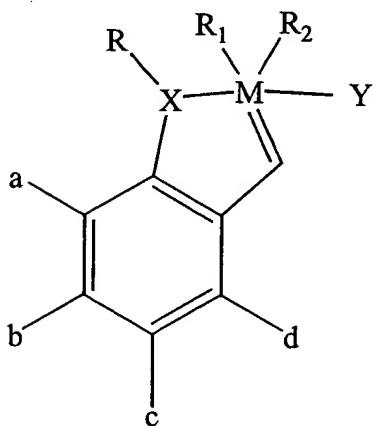
Remarks begin on page 10 of this paper.

Please enter the following amendments and remarks.

### LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

The following listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and all prior listings of the claims in the present application.

1. (Previously Presented) A composition comprising a transition metal catalyst having the following structure:



wherein:

M comprises a transition metal;

R comprises an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, aryloxy, alkoxy carbonyl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl; each optionally substituted with an alkyl, halogen, alkoxy, aryl or heteroaryl moiety;

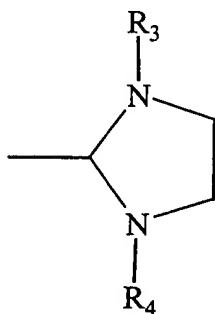
R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each comprises or together comprise, an electron withdrawing anionic ligand;

a, b, c, and d each comprise H, a halogen atom or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, aryloxy, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl; alkylsulfinyl; each optionally substituted with an alkyl, halogen, aryl or heteroaryl moiety;

X is oxygen, sulfur, nitrogen or phosphorus; and

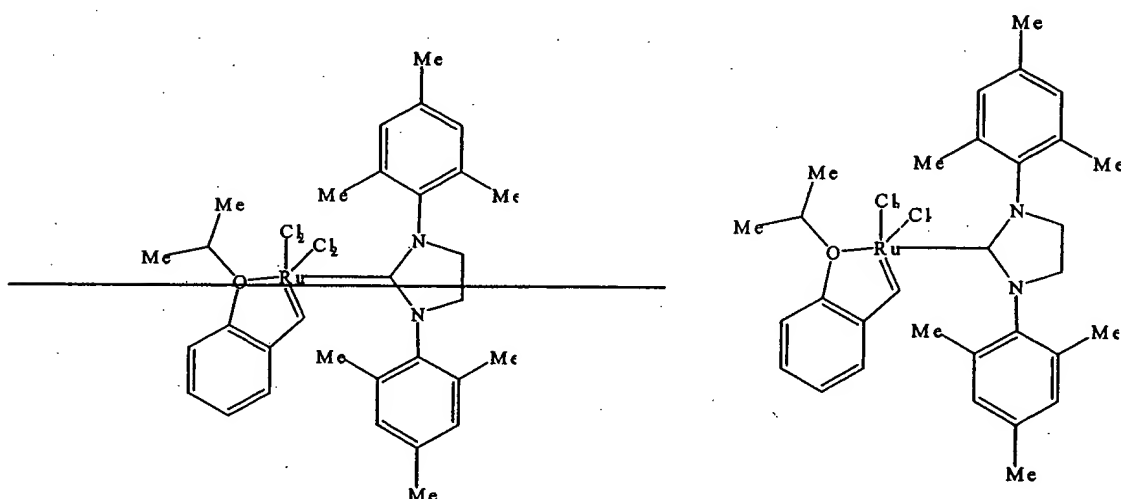
Y comprises an electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand.

2. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein M is Ru.
3. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein X is O.
4. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein R is a lower alkyl group.
5. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 4 wherein R is isopropyl.
6. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each is a halogen.
7. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 6 wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each is Cl.
8. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein a, b, c, and d each comprises H or a lower alkyl group.
9. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein Y comprises a 4,5-dihydroimidazol-2-ylidene.
10. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 9 wherein Y comprises a tricyclic aromatic ring structure having the following structure:



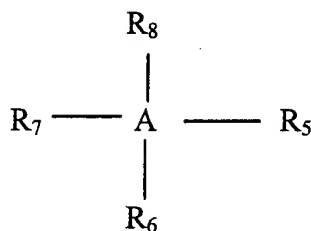
wherein  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  each comprises an aromatic ring moiety.

11. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 10 wherein  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  both comprise 2,4,6-trimethylphenyl (mesityl) moieties.
12. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 1 comprising the following structure:



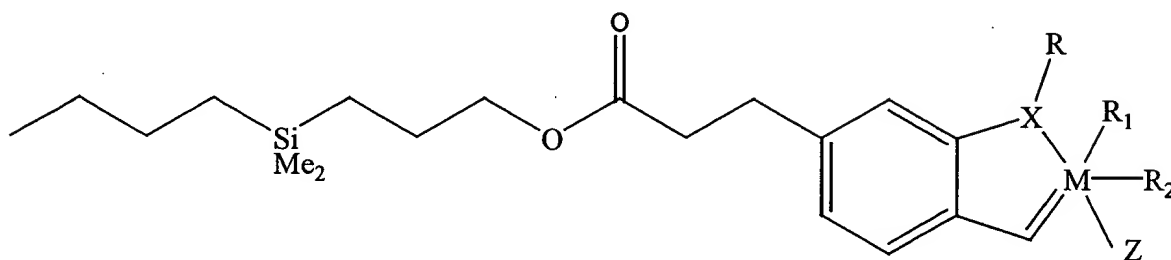
13. (Previously Presented) A composition of claim 1 wherein the transition metal catalyst is part of a dendrimer compound.
14. (Previously Presented) The transition metal catalyst of claim 13 having the following structure:





wherein A is a polyvalent atom selected from the group consisting of carbon, nitrogen, silicon and phosphorous;

R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>8</sub> each comprises the following structure:



wherein:

M comprises a transition metal;

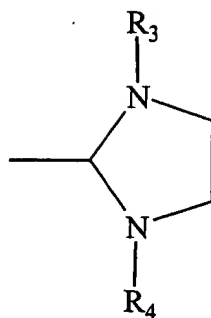
X comprises O, S, N or P;

R comprises an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkoxy, alkenyloxy, alkynyloxy, aryloxy, alkoxy carbonyl, alkylamino, alkylthio, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfinyl; each optionally submitted with an alkyl, halogen, aryl or heteroaryl moiety;

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each comprises, or together comprise, an electron withdrawing group; and

Z comprises Y or a phosphine group.

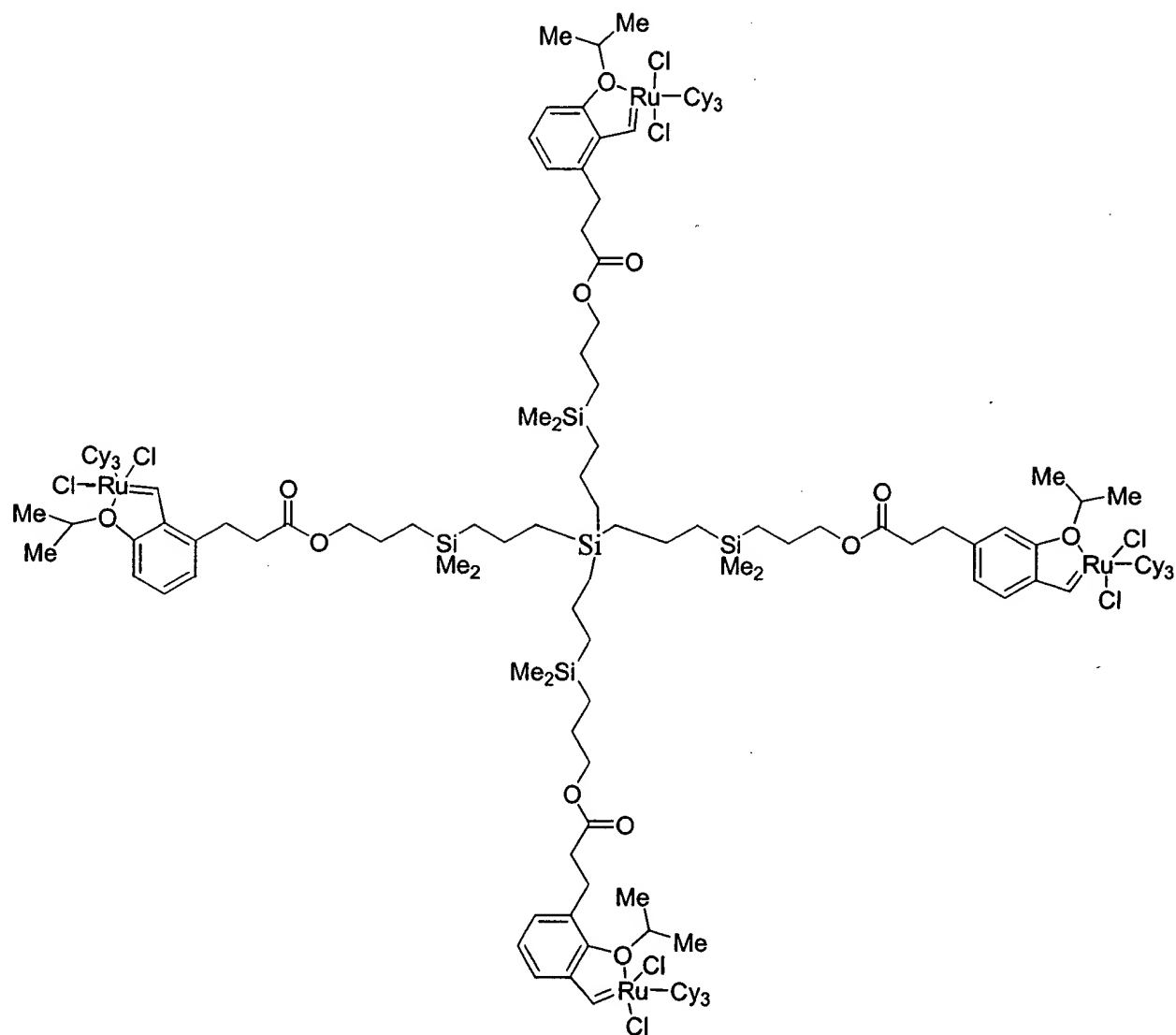
15. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein A is silicon.
16. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein M is a transition metal selected from the group consisting of ruthenium, osmium and tungsten.
17. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein M is ruthenium.
18. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein X is O.
19. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein R is a lower alkyl group.
20. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 19 wherein R is isopropyl.
21. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each is a halogen.
22. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 21 wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each is Cl.
23. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein Z comprises a phosphine moiety having the formula P(Cy)<sub>3</sub>.
24. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 23 wherein Cy comprises an aliphatic ring structure.
25. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 23 wherein Cy comprises a cyclohexyl or cyclopentyl group.
26. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 wherein Z comprises an aromatic ring structure having the following structure:



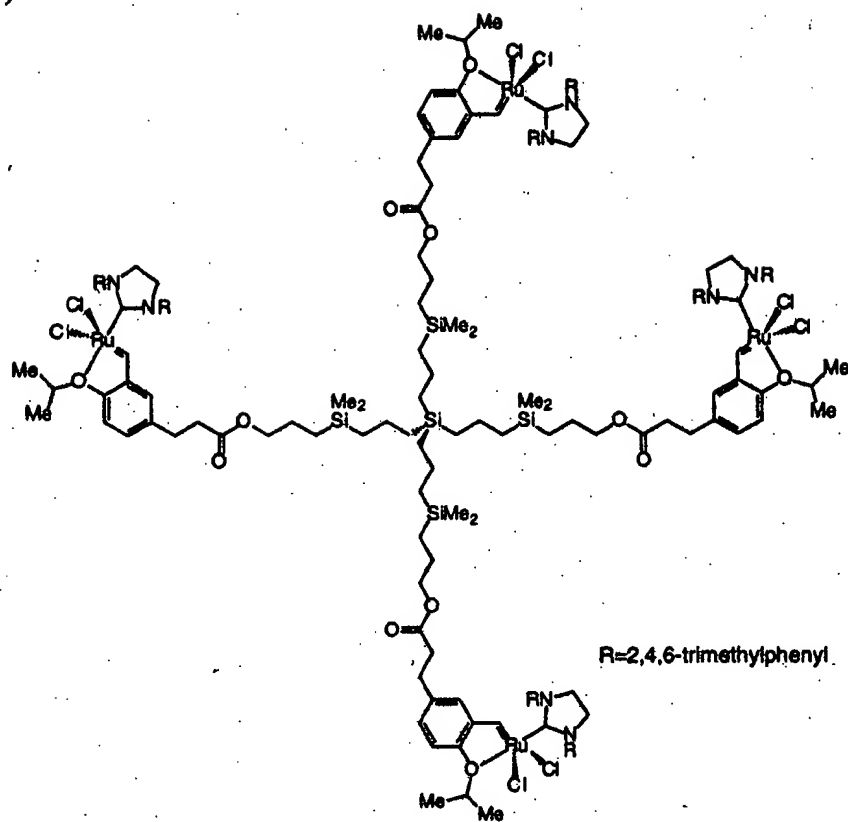
wherein: R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> each comprises an aromatic ring moiety.

27. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 26 wherein R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> each comprises 2, 4, 6-trimethylphenyl (mesityl).

28. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 14 comprising the following structures:



or



29-48. (Canceled).

## REMARKS

Upon entry of this amendment, claims 1-28 are pending. Claim 12 has been amended to merely correct a typographical error in the structure. Support for this correction can be found in Figure 2 and structures 2 and 2a in Figure 3 in the specification. Claims 29-48 were withdrawn and have been canceled without prejudice for the reasons set forth below. No new matter has been added.

Applicants note that in item 10 on page 5 of the Office Action, the Examiner has indicated that claims 9-28 would be allowable if rewritten in independent form.

### **I. Restriction Requirement**

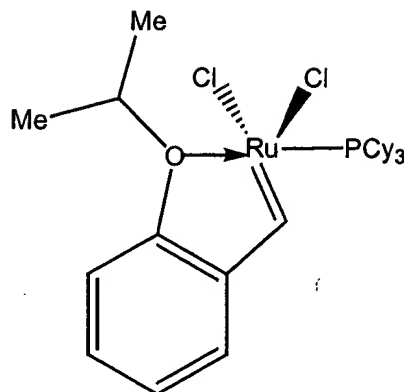
Applicants hereby affirm the election with traverse, as requested in the Office Action, to prosecute the invention of **Group I, claims 1-28**. Claims 29-48 have been withdrawn by the Examiner as directed to a non-elected invention. In the interest of furthering prosecution of the instant application, Applicants have canceled claims 29-48 without prejudice. The cancellation of the non-elected claims should not be construed as a surrender of any subject matter. Applicants reserve the right to prosecute claims 29-48 in a divisional application.

### **II. Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b)**

Claims 1-8 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as anticipated by Kingsbury et al. (J. Am. Chem. Soc., 121, 791-799(1999)). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection.

Applicants note that the Kingsbury et al reference was submitted by Applicants with the Information Disclosure Statement of March 13, 2002. Applicants disclose this reference on page 2, lines 3-4 and 7-11 of the specification of the present application.

Kingsbury et al. is drawn to a ruthenium-based metathesis catalyst having an internal metal-oxygen chelate. The Examiner cites the following compound disclosed in Kingsbury et al. and argues that it anticipates claims 1-8.



This compound is identical to the metal chelate structure depicted in Figure 1 of the present application and described to be a prior art compound in the specification on page 7, lines 20-21. The PCy<sub>3</sub> substituent in that compound is a tricycloalkylphosphine group. The Y substituent defined in claim 1 is distinctly different from the PCy<sub>3</sub> group disclosed in Kingsbury et al.

Y is explicitly defined in claim 1 to be an *electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand*. The corresponding substituent for Y in Kingsbury et al. is PCy<sub>3</sub>. **PCy<sub>3</sub> is not an electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand.**

PCy<sub>3</sub> is a phosphine moiety having a phosphorous atom linked to a cycloalkyl structure, such as cyclohexyl. (See specification, page 10, lines 21-22 and Figure 1) PCy<sub>3</sub> is not a carbene ligand. In an example in the present application, Formula 5, a compound of the invention, was formed by replacing the PCy<sub>3</sub> ligand of Formula 3 with an imidazolin-2-ylidene system carbene ligand. (See specification, Equation 1 on page 9; Example 5 on page 35) The specification (page 10, lines 15-22; page 12, lines 2-8) compares the proton-NMR of the compound of formula 5 with the prior art compound disclosed in Kingsbury et al. The specification distinguishes the compounds by stating that some of the differential structural attributes between the compounds “may be attributed to [the] higher electron density at the transition metal center of Formula 5, *caused by the stronger electron donation by the heterocyclic ligand ... [as] compared to PCy<sub>3</sub>* (Cy is an aliphatic cycloalkyl moiety, preferably cyclohexyl).” [emphasis added]

It is well established that, in order to anticipate a claim, the prior art reference must teach each and every limitation of the claim. Independent claim 1 requires Y to be an electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand. The corresponding ligand to Y in the compound disclosed in Kingsbury et al. is  $\text{PCy}_3$  (tricycloalkyl phosphine).  $\text{PCy}_3$  is neither a heterocyclic ligand nor a carbene ligand. Thus, Kingsbury et al. does not teach (or suggest) the electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand of the compound of claim 1.

Therefore, claims 1-8 are not anticipated by the disclosure of Kingsbury et al. and the instant rejection should be withdrawn.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Harrity et al. (J. Am. Chem. Soc., 120, 2343-2351(1998)). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection.

As was the case with the Kingsbury et al. reference discussed above, the Harrity et al. reference was submitted by Applicants with the Information Disclosure Statement of March 13, 2002. Harrity et al. was disclosed by Applicants on page 2, lines 6-7 of the specification of the present application.

Harrity et al. is drawn to chromenes formed by metal-catalyzed reactions. The Examiner cites a metal complex compound from Harrity et al. and argues that Harrity et al. anticipates claims 1-8. However, the compound cited by the Examiner in the instant rejection is the identical compound cited in the rejection over Kingsbury et al. Thus, all the above arguments regarding the rejection over Kingsbury et al. apply equally to the instant rejection over Harrity et al.

As discussed previously with respect to Kingsbury et al., claim 1 explicitly requires the Y substituent to be an electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand. The corresponding substituent in the compound disclosed in Harrity et al. is  $\text{PCy}_3$ .  **$\text{PCy}_3$  is not an electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand.**

It is well established that, in order to anticipate a claim, the prior art reference must teach each and every limitation of the claim. Harrity et al. does not teach (or suggest) the electron-donating heterocyclic carbene ligand limitation of claim 1. Thus, Harrity et al. does not anticipate claims 1-8 of the present application and the instant rejection should be withdrawn.



Accordingly, claims 1-8 are not anticipated by the disclosures of Kingsbury et al. or Harrity et al.

Applicant submits that all claims are allowable as written and respectfully request early favorable action by the Examiner. If the Examiner believes that a telephone conversation with Applicant's attorney/agent would expedite prosecution of this application, the Examiner is cordially invited to call the undersigned attorney/agent of record.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: December 21, 2004



Name: Paula C. Evans  
Registration No.: 32,503  
Customer No.: 29932  
Palmer & Dodge LLP  
111 Huntington Avenue,  
Boston, MA 02199-7613  
Tel: 617-239-0100